Information-Theoretic 2-Round MPC without Round Collapsing: Adaptive Security, and More

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NTT Research & ENS

TCC 2020

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Simple 2-Round MPC

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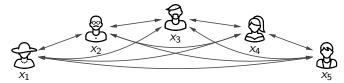
TCC 2020

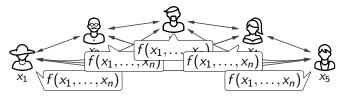


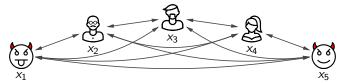


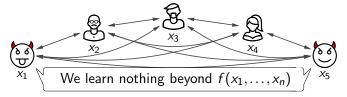


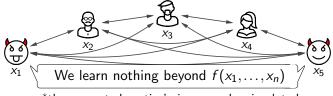


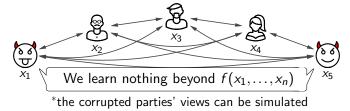




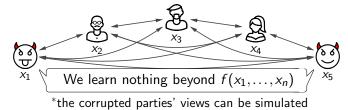




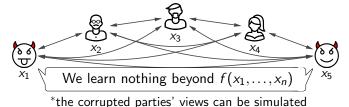




Adversary Semi-honest vs Malicious

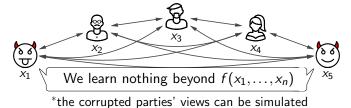


Adversary Semi-honest vs Malicious



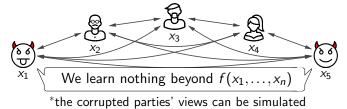
Adversary Semi-honest vs Malicious

Corruption Static vs Adaptive



Adversary Semi-honest vs Malicious

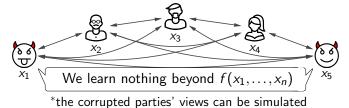
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Adversary Semi-honest vs Malicious

Corruption Static vs Adaptive

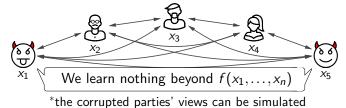
Security Computational vs Information-theoretic



Adversary Semi-honest vs Malicious

Corruption Static vs Adaptive

Security Computational vs Information-theoretic (NC1)

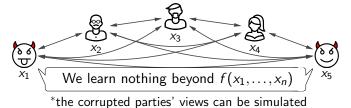


Adversary Semi-honest vs Malicious

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Security Computational vs Information-theoretic (NC1)

Computation Boolean vs Arithmetic

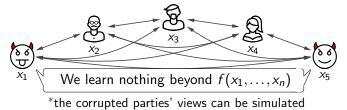


Adversary Semi-honest vs Malicious

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Security Computational vs Information-theoretic (NC1)

Computation Boolean vs Arithmetic (Black-box field)



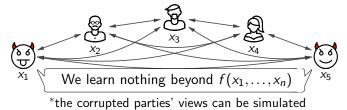
Adversary Semi-honest vs Malicious

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Security Computational vs Information-theoretic (NC1)

Computation Boolean vs Arithmetic (Black-box field)

Model



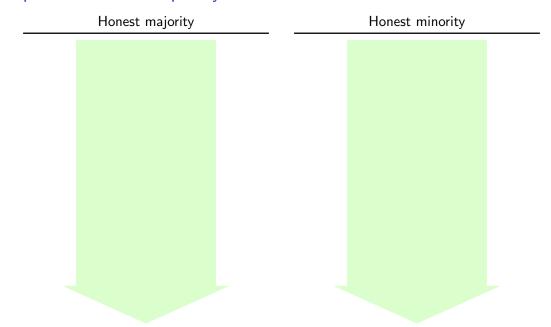
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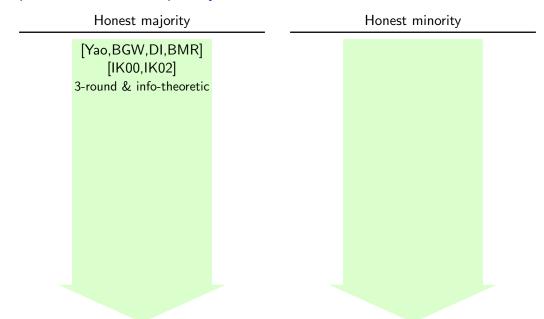
Corruption Static vs Adaptive

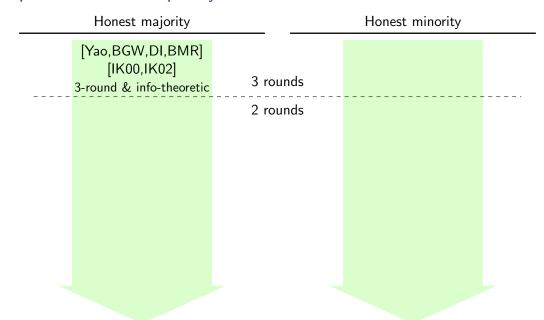
Security Computational vs Information-theoretic (NC1)

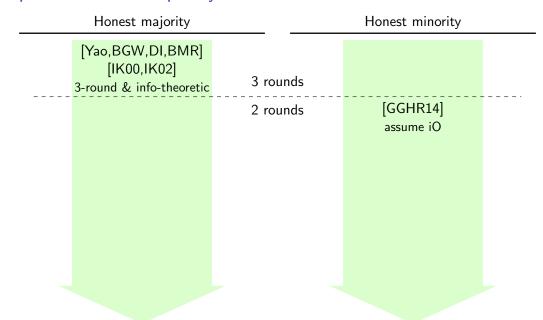
Computation Boolean vs Arithmetic (Black-box field)

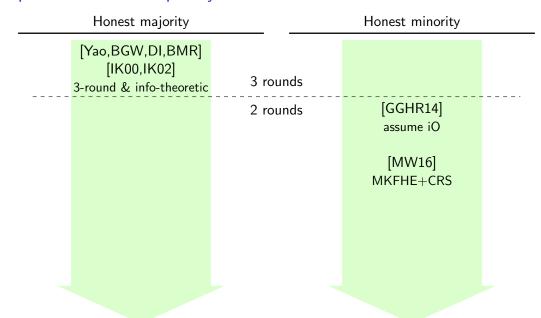
Model Plain model, Correlated randomness model honest majority honest minority

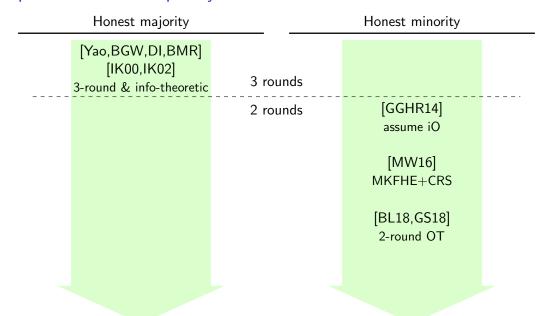












Honest majority	<u></u>	Honest minority	
[Yao,BGW,DI,BMR] [IK00,IK02] 3-round & info-theoretic	3 rounds		
	2 rounds	[GGHR14]	
		assume iO	
		[MW16] MKFHE+CRS	
		[BL18,GS18]	
		2-round OT	
		[BLPV18, GIS18,IMO18]	

Honest majority		Honest minority	
[Yao,BGW,DI,BMR] [IK00,IK02] 3-round & info-theoretic	3 rounds		
	2 rounds	[GGHR14]	
		assume iO	
		[MW16] MKFHE+CRS	
[ACC 10]		[BL18,GS18]	
[ACGJ18] assume OWF		2-round OT	
		[BLPV18,	
		GIS18,IMO18]	

Honest majority		Honest minority	
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	2 rounds	[GGHR14]	
		assume iO	
		[MW16] MKFHE+CRS	
[ACGJ18]		[BL18,GS18]	
assume OWF		2-round OT	
[ABT18,GIS18]		[BLPV18,	
info-theoretic		GIS18,IMO18]	

Honest majority		Honest minority	
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[ABT18,GIS18]		[BLPV18,	
info-theoretic		GIS18,IMO18]	

Honest majority

Honest minority

Honest majority

Honest minority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ corruptions in plain model

Honest majority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ corruptions in plain model

Honest minority

Honest majority

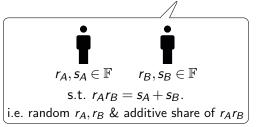
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Honest minority

Honest majority

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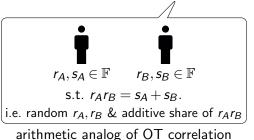
Honest minority



Honest majority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ corruptions in plain model

Honest minority



Honest majority

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Honest minority

Honest majority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ corruptions in plain model

Key Contribution: Simplicity

Honest minority

Honest majority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ corruptions in plain model

Honest minority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating n-1 corruptions in OLE correlated randomness model

Key Contribution: Simplicity

new adaptive security w/ explicit adaptive simulator*

Honest majority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ corruptions in plain model

Honest minority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating n-1 corruptions in OLE correlated randomness model

Key Contribution: Simplicity

- new adaptive security w/ explicit adaptive simulator*
- ▶ new support arithmetic NC1 w/ black-box field access

Honest majority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ corruptions in plain model

Honest minority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating n-1 corruptions in OLE correlated randomness model

Key Contribution: Simplicity

- new adaptive security w/ explicit adaptive simulator*
- newsupport arithmetic NC1 w/ black-box field access
- more efficient

Honest	majority
11011000	1114 0116

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ corruptions in plain model

Honest minority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating n-1 corruptions in OLE correlated randomness model

Key Contribution: Simplicity

- new adaptive security w/ explicit adaptive simulator*
- ▶ new support arithmetic NC1 w/ black-box field access
- more efficient

extension to P/poly with black-box use of PRG

Honest majority

info-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1 tolerating $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ corruptions in plain model

Honest minority

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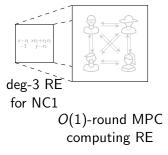
Key Technique: Direct Construction w/o Round Collapsing

What is Round Collapsing $^{(here\ we\ illustrate\ the\ honest\ majority\ variant)}$

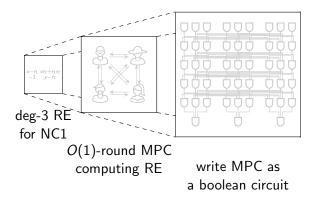


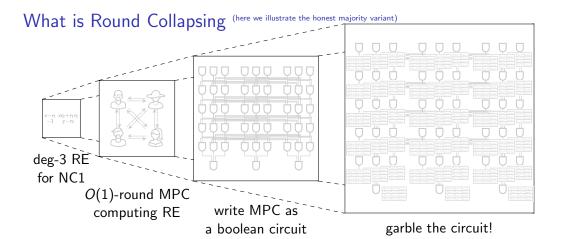
deg-3 RE for NC1

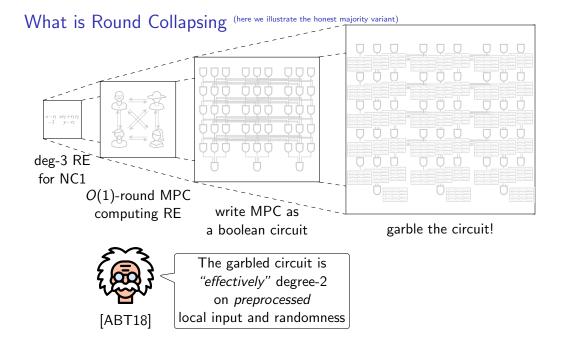
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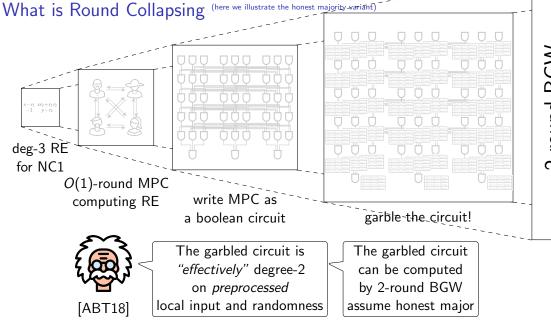


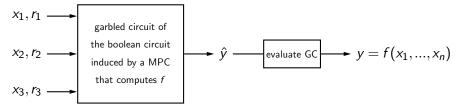
What is Round Collapsing (here we illustrate the honest majority variant)

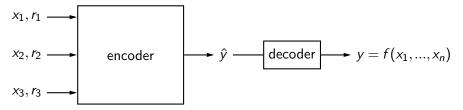


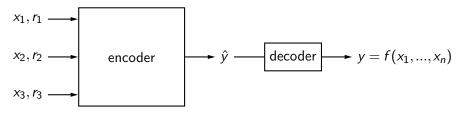




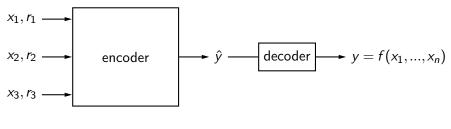






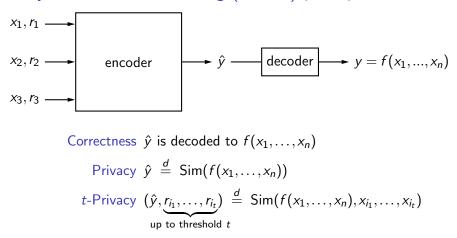


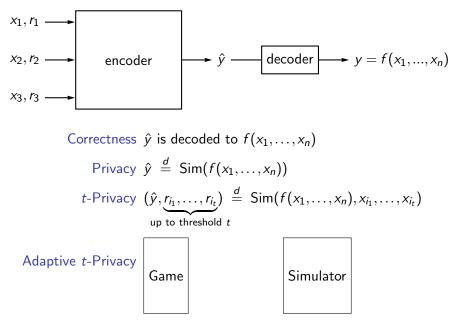
Correctness \hat{y} is decoded to $f(x_1, \ldots, x_n)$

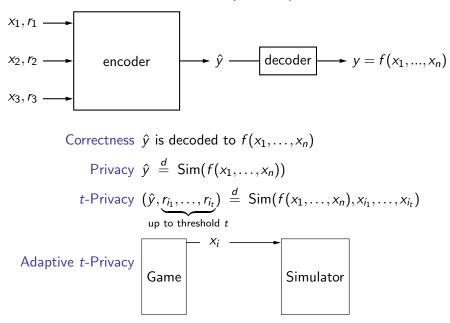


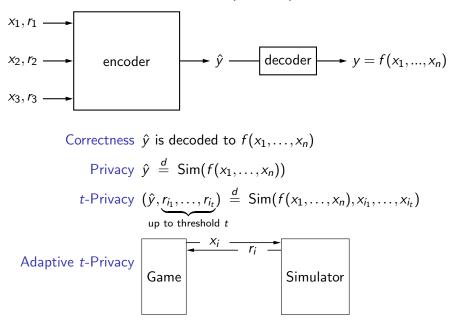
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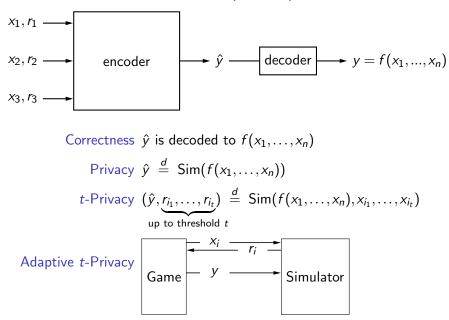
Privacy
$$\hat{y} \stackrel{d}{=} Sim(f(x_1,...,x_n))$$

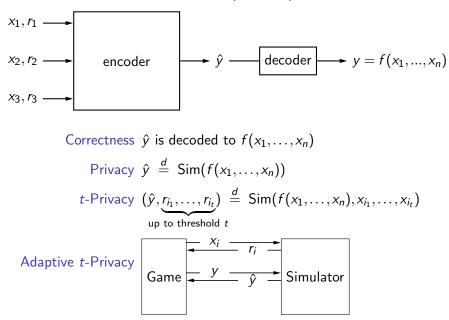


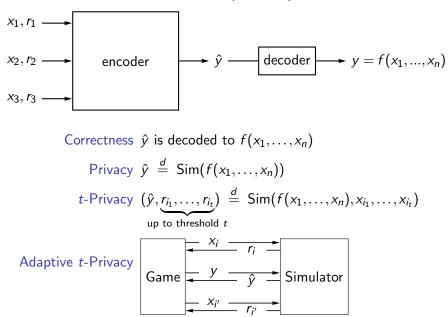


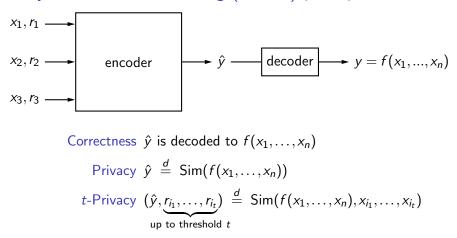


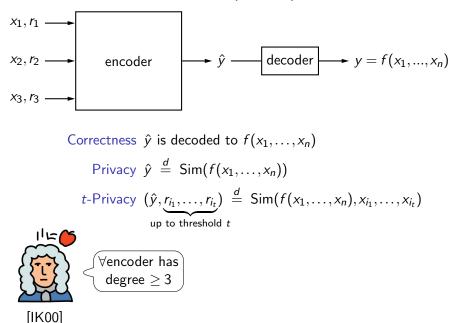


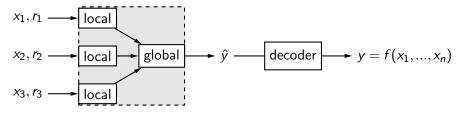








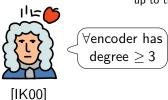




Correctness \hat{y} is decoded to $f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$

Privacy
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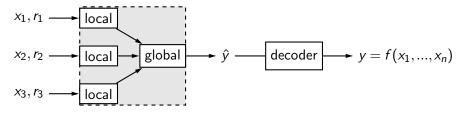
t-Privacy
$$(\hat{y}, \underline{r_{i_1}, \dots, r_{i_t}}) \stackrel{d}{=} Sim(f(x_1, \dots, x_n), x_{i_1}, \dots, x_{i_t})$$
up to threshold t



local pre-processing & global computation



[ABT18]



Correctness \hat{y} is decoded to $f(x_1, \dots, x_n)$

Privacy
$$\hat{y} \stackrel{d}{=} Sim(f(x_1,...,x_n))$$

t-Privacy
$$(\hat{y}, \underline{r_{i_1}, \dots, r_{i_t}}) \stackrel{d}{=} Sim(f(x_1, \dots, x_n), x_{i_1}, \dots, x_{i_t})$$

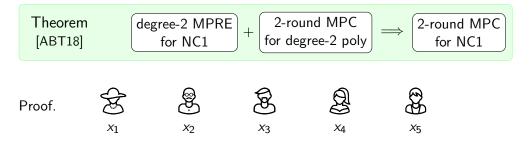


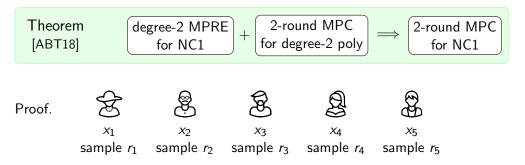


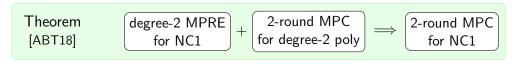
∃encoder has degree 2` after pre-processing

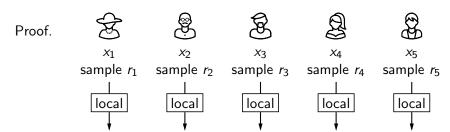


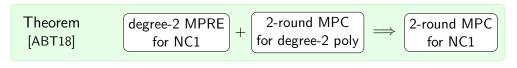
[ABT18]

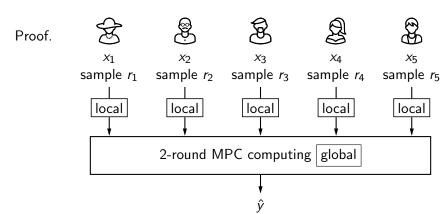


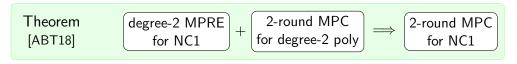


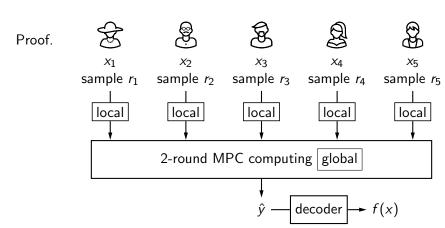












Honest majority

Honest majority

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1

Theorem [ABT18]

degree-2 MPRE for NC1

 $+ \left(egin{matrix} ext{2-round MPC} \\ ext{for degree-2 poly} \end{matrix}
ight) \Longrightarrow$

 $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2\text{-round MPC} \\ \text{for NC1} \end{cases}$

Honest majority

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private 2-round MPC for degree-2 polynomial in plain model

Theorem [ABT18]

degree-2 MPRE for NC1

 $\implies \begin{cases} 2\text{-round MPC} \\ \text{for NC1} \end{cases}$

Honest majority

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1



Theorem [ABT18]

degree-2 MPRE for NC1

2-round MPC for degree-2 poly

 $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2\text{-round MPC} \\ \text{for NC1} \end{cases}$

Honest majority

Honest minority

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1



Theorem [ABT18]

degree-2 MPRE for NC1 + 2-round MPC for degree-2 poly

 $\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 2\text{-round MPC} \\ \text{for NC1} \end{pmatrix}$

Honest majority

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1

Honest minority

(n-1)-private degree-2 MPRE for NC1 using OLE correlated randomness



Theorem [ABT18]

degree-2 MPRE for NC1 $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2\text{-round MPC} \\ \text{for NC1} \end{cases}$

Honest majority

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1



Honest minority

(n-1)-private degree-2 MPRE for NC1 using OLE correlated randomness

(n-1)-private 2-round MPC for degree-2 polynomial using OLE correlated randomness

Theorem [ABT18]

degree-2 MPRE for NC1

2-round MPC for degree-2 poly

 $\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 2\text{-round MPC} \\ \text{for NC1} \end{bmatrix}$

Honest majority

Honest minority

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1

(n-1)-private degree-2 MPRE for NC1 using OLE correlated randomness



≈arithmetic analog of passive-secure GMW

Honest majority

Honest minority

 $\left| \frac{n-1}{2} \right|$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1

(n-1)-private degree-2 MPRE for NC1 using OLE correlated randomness



Theorem [ABT18]

de

Breif review of IK randomized encoding for NC1

2-round MPC for NC1

Honest majority

Honest minority

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1

(n-1)-private degree-2 MPRE for NC1 using OLE correlated randomness



Theorem [ABT18]

de IK rando

Breif review of IK randomized encoding for NC1

2-round MPC for NC1

Honest majority

Honest minority

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1

(n-1)-private degree-2 MPRE for NC1 using OLE correlated randomness



(n-1)-private 2-anial 98-per 2-anial

Theorem [ABT18]

Breif review of IK randomized encoding for NC1

2-round MPC for NC1

Honest majority

Honest minority



 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1

(n-1)-private degree-2 MPRE for NC1 using OLE correlated randomness



(n-1)-private 2-anial 98-per consistence 2 polynomial W using Stiffe of Stell randomness

Theorem [ABT18]

Breif review of IK randomized encoding for NC1

2-round MPC for NC1

Honest majority

2)

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private degree-2 MPRE for NC1

 $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ -private 2-round MPC for degree-2 polynomial in plain model

Honest minority

 $\binom{n-1}{private}$ degree-2 MPRE for NC1 using OLE correlated randomness

Any NC1 function f can be evaluated as a determinant

$$f(\vec{x}) = \det \begin{bmatrix} L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,4}(\vec{x}) \\ -1 & L_{2,2}(\vec{x}) & C_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & -1 & L_{3,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & & -1 & L_{4,4}(\vec{x}) \end{bmatrix}$$

Any NC1 function f can be evaluated as a determinant

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Example:
$$xyz + s = \det \begin{bmatrix} x & s \\ -1 & y \\ & -1 & z \end{bmatrix}$$

Any NC1 function f can be evaluated as a determinant

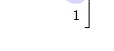
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$$f(\vec{x}) = \det \begin{bmatrix} L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,4}(\vec{x}) \\ -1 & L_{2,2}(\vec{x}) & C_{2,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & -1 & L_{3,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & & -1 & L_{4,4}(\vec{x}) \end{bmatrix}$$

randomized encoding

$$\mathsf{RE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \mathsf{randomness} \\ 1 & & & \\ & 1 & & \\ & & 1 & \\ & & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathsf{L}_{1,1}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) & \mathsf{L}_{1,2}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) & \mathsf{L}_{1,3}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) & \mathsf{L}_{1,4}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) \\ -1 & \mathsf{L}_{2,2}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) & \mathsf{Cap}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) & \mathsf{L}_{2,4}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) \\ & & & -1 & \mathsf{L}_{3,3}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) & \mathsf{L}_{3,4}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \mathsf{randomness} \\ 1 & \mathsf{randomness} \\$$



Any NC1 function f can be evaluated as a determinant

$$f(\vec{x}) = \det \begin{bmatrix} L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,4}(\vec{x}) \\ -1 & L_{2,2}(\vec{x}) & Car(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & -1 & L_{3,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & & -1 & L_{4,4}(\vec{x}) \end{bmatrix}$$

properties

1) $det(RE) = f(\vec{x})$

randomized encoding

$$\mathsf{RE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \mathsf{raindomness} \\ 1 & & \\ & 1 \\ & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathsf{L}_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{1,2}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{1,3}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{1,4}(\vec{x}) \\ -1 & \mathsf{L}_{2,2}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{Cap}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & & -1 & \mathsf{L}_{3,3}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & & & -1 & \mathsf{L}_{4,4}(\vec{x}) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \mathsf{raindomness} \\ 2 & \mathsf{raindomness} \\ 1 & \mathsf{raindomness} \\ 2 & \mathsf{raindomness} \\ 2 & \mathsf{raindomness} \\ 2 & \mathsf{raindomness} \\ 2 & \mathsf{raindomness} \\ 3 & \mathsf{raindomness} \\ 4 & \mathsf{raindo$$



Any NC1 function f can be evaluated as a determinant

$$f(\vec{x}) = \det \begin{bmatrix} L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,4}(\vec{x}) \\ -1 & L_{2,2}(\vec{x}) & \mathbf{Cap}(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & -1 & L_{3,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & & -1 & L_{4,4}(\vec{x}) \end{bmatrix}$$

randomized encoding

- 1) $\det(RE) = f(\vec{x})$
- 2) RE $\stackrel{d}{=}$ Sim $(f(\vec{x}))$

$$RE = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & randomness \\ 1 & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,2}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,4}(\vec{x}) \\ -1 & L_{2,2}(\vec{x}) & Cap(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & -1 & L_{3,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{3,4}(\vec{x}) \end{bmatrix}$$

Any NC1 function f can be evaluated as a determinant

$$f(\vec{x}) = \det \begin{bmatrix} L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,4}(\vec{x}) \\ -1 & L_{2,2}(\vec{x}) & \mathbf{Cap}(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & -1 & L_{3,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{3,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & & -1 & L_{4,4}(\vec{x}) \end{bmatrix}$$

randomized encoding

- 1) $\det(RE) = f(\vec{x})$
- 2) RE $\stackrel{d}{=}$ Sim $(f(\vec{x}))$
- 3) RE is arithmetic

$$\mathsf{RE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \mathsf{raindominess} \\ 1 & \mathsf{loss} \\ 1 & \mathsf{loss$$

Any NC1 function f can be evaluated as a determinant

$$f(\vec{x}) = \det \begin{bmatrix} L_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{1,4}(\vec{x}) \\ -1 & L_{2,2}(\vec{x}) & Car(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & -1 & L_{3,3}(\vec{x}) & L_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & & -1 & L_{4,4}(\vec{x}) \end{bmatrix}$$

randomized encoding

IK02

properties

- 1) $\det(RE) = f(\vec{x})$
- 2) RE $\stackrel{d}{=}$ Sim $(f(\vec{x}))$
- 3) RE is arithmetic
- 4) RE has degree 3

$$\mathsf{RE} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \mathsf{randomness} \\ & 1 & \\ & & 1 \\ & & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathsf{L}_{1,1}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) & \mathsf{L}_{1,1}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) \\ & -1 & \mathsf{L}_{2,2}(\vec{\mathsf{x}}) \\ & & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathsf{L}_{1,1}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{1}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{1,3}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{1,4}(\vec{x}) \\ -1 & \mathsf{L}_{2,2}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{Cap}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{2,4}(\vec{x}) \\ & -1 & \mathsf{L}_{3,3}(\vec{x}) & \mathsf{L}_{3,4}(\vec{x}) \end{bmatrix}$$

Direct Construction of degree-2 MPRE













MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$









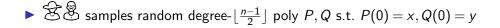


 X, S_1

 y, s_2

z, s







- ▶ Samples random degree- $\lfloor \frac{n-1}{2} \rfloor$ poly P, Q s.t. P(0) = x, Q(0) = y
- ▶ PQ is a degree-(n-1) poly,



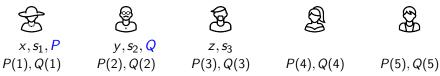
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- ► Thus $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3 = \text{linear}((PQ)(1) \cdot z, ..., (PQ)(n) \cdot z) + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$

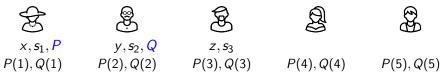


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- ▶ Shamir Sharing: Safe to let *i*-th party know P(i), Q(i)



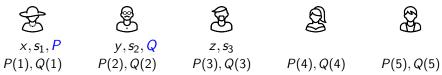
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MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



NEW complete function: $P(i) \cdot Q(i) \cdot z + \text{some linear terms}$

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 \triangleright \bowtie holds P(i)

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



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- \triangleright \bowtie holds P(i)
- ightharpoonup holds Q(i)
- \blacktriangleright 8 holds z

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



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new i-th party "gets" leakage P(i), Q(i)

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



NEW complete function: $P(i) \cdot Q(i) \cdot z + \text{some linear terms}$

- \triangleright \bowtie holds P(i)
- \triangleright \bigotimes holds Q(i)
- ▶ 🗟 holds z

new i-th party "gets" leakage P(i), Q(i)

formalized as "MPRE w/ leakage"

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



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new i-th party "gets" leakage P(i), Q(i)

formalized as "MPRE w/ leakage"

adversary & simulator gets P(i), Q(i) if i-th party is corrupted

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



NEW complete function: $P(i) \cdot Q(i) \cdot z + \text{some linear terms}$

$$\text{function} = \det \begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \text{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ & -1 & Q(i) \end{bmatrix}$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



NEW complete function: $P(i) \cdot Q(i) \cdot z + \text{some linear terms}$

$$\mathsf{function} = \mathsf{det} \begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \mathsf{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ & -1 & Q(i) \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\mathsf{IK}} \mathsf{RE} \xrightarrow{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ & 1 \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \mathsf{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ & & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ & 1 & r_5 \\ & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



NEW complete function: $P(i) \cdot Q(i) \cdot z + \text{some linear terms}$

function = det
$$\begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \text{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ -1 & Q(i) \end{bmatrix}$$
 \longrightarrow $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \text{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ -1 & Q(i) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} P(i) - r_1 & r_3 P(i) + r_1 z - r_1 r_3 - r_2 & r_1 r_5 z + r_4 P(i) + r_2 Q(i) - r_1 r_4 - r_2 r_5 + \text{terms} \\ -1 & z - r_3 & r_5 z - r_4 \\ & -1 & Q(i) - r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

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How to Handle degree-3 term?

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



NEW complete function: $P(i) \cdot Q(i) \cdot z + \text{some linear terms}$

function = det
$$\begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \text{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ -1 & Q(i) \end{bmatrix}$$
 \longrightarrow $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \text{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ -1 & Q(i) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} P(i) - r_1 & r_3P(i) + r_1z - r_1r_3 - r_2 & r_1r_5z + r_4P(i) + r_2Q(i) - r_1r_4 - r_2r_5 + \text{terms} \\ -1 & z - r_3 & r_5z - r_4 \\ & -1 & Q(i) - r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

How to Handle degree-3 term? How to Sample r_1, \ldots, r_5 ?

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



NEW complete function: $P(i) \cdot Q(i) \cdot z + \text{some linear terms}$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \text{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ -1 & Q(i) \end{bmatrix}$$
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$$= \begin{bmatrix} P(i) - r_1 & r_3P(i) + r_1z - r_1r_3 - r_2 & r_1r_5z + r_4P(i) + r_2Q(i) - r_1r_4 - r_2r_5 + \text{terms} \\ -1 & z - r_3 & r_5z - r_4 \\ & -1 & Q(i) - r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

How to Handle degree-3 term?

How to Sample r_1, \ldots, r_5 ? Let *i*-th party sample r_1, r_5

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



NEW complete function: $P(i) \cdot Q(i) \cdot z + \text{some linear terms}$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{function} &= \det \begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \text{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ -1 & Q(i) \end{bmatrix} & \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \text{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ -1 & Q(i) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} }_{= \begin{bmatrix} P(i) - r_1 \\ -1 & z \end{bmatrix}} & \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} P(i) & \text{terms} \\ -1 & z \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} }_{= \begin{bmatrix} P(i) - r_1 \\ -1 & z \end{bmatrix}} & \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_2 & r_3 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_2 & r_4 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_2 & r_4 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_2 & r_4 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_2 & r_4 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_2 & r_4 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_2 & r_4 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_2 & r_4 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_2 & r_4 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{ \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & r_2 \\ r_1 & r_2 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{$$

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MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$

NEW complete function: $P(i) \cdot Q(i) \cdot z + \text{some linear terms}$

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How to Handle degree-3 term?

How to Sample $r_1, ..., r_5$? Let i-th party sample r_1, r_5 because P(i), Q(i) can be leaked to i-th party



MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



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How to Handle degree-3 term? i-th party locally computes r_1r_5 How to Sample r_1, \ldots, r_5 ? Let i-th party sample r_1, r_5 because P(i), Q(i) can be leaked to i-th party

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$











Putting-pieces-together

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$











Putting-pieces-together

The encoding consists of

$$\begin{bmatrix} P(i) - r_1 & r_3 P(i) + r_1 z - r_1 r_3 - r_2 & r_1 r_5 z + r_4 P(i) + r_2 Q(i) - r_1 r_4 - r_2 r_5 + \text{terms} \\ -1 & z - r_3 & r_5 z - r_4 \\ & -1 & Q(i) - r_5 \end{bmatrix} \text{for each } i.$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$











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 \triangleright \bigcirc sample P, Q resp.

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- ▶ *i*-th party samples $r_{i,1}, r_{i,5}$ and locally compute $r_{i,1}r_{i,5}$

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The encoding consists of

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- \triangleright \bigcirc \bigcirc sample P,Q resp.
- ▶ *i*-th party samples $r_{i,1}, r_{i,5}$ and locally compute $r_{i,1}r_{i,5}$
- $ightharpoonup r_{i,2}, r_{i,3}, r_{i,4}$ are jointly sampled

NEXT

MPRE w/ OLE correlated randomness











 y, s_2

 Z, S_3







/, **s**₂









$$function = det \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & \\ & -1 & y \end{bmatrix}$$



function =
$$\det\begin{bmatrix} x & s_1+s_2+s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix}$$
 $\xrightarrow{\mathsf{IK}}$ RE $\xrightarrow{\mathsf{IK}}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1+s_2+s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$



function = det
$$\begin{bmatrix} x & s_1+s_2+s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix}$$
 \longrightarrow $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1+s_2+s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & (r_3x+r_1z) & (r_1r_5z+r_4x+r_2y) & (r_1r_4-r_2r_5+s_1+s_2+s_3) \\ -1 & z-r_3 & r_5z-r_4 & y-r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



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$$\begin{bmatrix} x & s_1+s_2+s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix}$$
 \longrightarrow $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1+s_2+s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & (r_3x+r_1z) & (r_1r_5z+r_1x+r_2y) \\ -r_1r_4-r_2r_5+s_1+s_2+s_3 \\ -1 & z-r_3 & r_5z-r_4 \\ y-r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

How to Handle degree-3 term?

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



function = det
$$\begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix}$$
 \longrightarrow $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & (r_3x + r_1z) & (r_1r_5z + r_1x + r_2y) & (r_1r_5z + r_2r_5 + s_1 + s_2 + s_3) \\ -1 & z - r_3 & r_5z - r_4 & y - r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

How to Handle degree-3 term?

How to Sample r_1, \ldots, r_5 ?

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



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$$\begin{bmatrix} x & s_1+s_2+s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix}$$
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$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & (r_3x+r_1z) & (r_1r_5z+r_1x+r_2y) & (r_1r_5z+r_2x+s_1+s_2+s_3) \\ -1 & z-r_3 & r_5z-r_4 & y-r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

How to Handle degree-3 term?

How to Sample r_1, \ldots, r_5 ? Let \Re sample r_1 .

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



function = det
$$\begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix}$$
 \longrightarrow $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & r_2 + r_1 - r_2 + r_3 + r_2 + r_2 + r_3 + r_2 + r_3 + r_3 + r_4 - r_1 - r_2 + r_3 + r_2 + r_3 + r_3 + r_3 - r_4 \\ -1 & z - r_3 & r_3 - r_4 - r_3 - r_4 \\ -1 & z - r_3 & r_5 - r_4 - r_4 - r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

How to Handle degree-3 term?

How to Sample r_1, \ldots, r_5 ? Let \Re sample r_1 .

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



function = det
$$\begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix}$$
 | IK RE $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & r_2 + r_1 + r_2 \\ -r_1 & r_3 - r_2 & r_4 \\ -r_1 & r_2 - r_3 + r_4 + r_2 + r_4 \\ -r_1 & r_2 - r_3 + r_4 + r_4 - r_4 \\ -r_1 & r_2 - r_3 \\ -r_1 & r_2 - r_4 \\ -r_1 & r_2 - r_3 \\ -r_1 & r_2 - r_4 \\ -r_1 & r_2$$

How to Handle degree-3 term?

How to Sample r_1, \ldots, r_5 ? Let \Re sample r_1 . Let \Re sample r_5 .

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



function = det
$$\begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix}$$
 | IK RE $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & r_3 x + r_1 z \\ -r_1 r_3 - r_2 & r_2 - r_3 \\ -1 & x - r_1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} r_1 r_5 z + r_1 x + r_2 y \\ -r_1 r_4 - r_2 r_5 + s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



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$$\begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix}$$
 | IK RE $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \end{bmatrix}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & r_2 + r_1 - r_2 + r_3 + r_2 + r_2 + r_3 + r_2 + r_3 + r_2 + r_3 + r_3 + r_2 + r_3 + r_3$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$

$$x, s_1 \qquad y, s_2 \qquad z, s_3$$

$$r_1, a_1 \qquad r_5, a_2$$

$$s.t. \ r_1 r_5 = a_1 + a_2$$

$$function = \det \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & z & y \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{IK RE}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_1 & r_2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & y \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_3 & r_4 \\ 1 & r_5 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & (r_3 x + r_1 z) & (r_1 r_5 z + r_1 x + r_2 y) \\ -r_1 r_4 - r_2 r_5 + s_1 + s_2 + s_3 \\ -1 & y - r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$

$$x, s_1 \qquad y, s_2 \qquad z, s_3$$

$$r_1, a_1 \qquad r_5, a_2$$

$$s.t. \ r_1 r_5 = a_1 + a_2$$

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$$= \begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & (r_3 x + r_1 z) & (a_1 + a_2) z + r_1 x + r_2 y \\ -r_1 r_2 - r_3 & r_5 z - r_4 \\ -1 & y - r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



In short

The encoding is
$$\begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & \binom{r_3x + r_1z}{-r_1r_3 - r_2} & \binom{(a_1 + a_2)z + r_4x + r_2y}{-r_1r_4 - r_2r_5 + s_1 + s_2 + s_3} \\ -1 & z - r_3 & r_5z - r_4 \\ -1 & y - r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



In short

The encoding is
$$\begin{bmatrix} x - r_1 & \binom{r_3x + r_1z}{-r_1r_3 - r_2} & \binom{(a_1 + a_2)z + r_4x + r_2y}{-r_1r_4 - r_2r_5 + s_1 + s_2 + s_3} \\ -1 & z - r_3 & r_5z - r_4 \\ -1 & y - r_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

MPRE for the complete function $xyz + s_1 + s_2 + s_3$



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- \blacktriangleright $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath}\ensuremath}\ensuremath}}}}}}}}}}}}$ sample $(r_1, a_1), (r_5, a_2)$ from OLE correlated randomness energy energy}}}}}}}}}
- $ightharpoonup r_2, r_3, r_4$ are jointly sampled

Simple 2-round MPC

Our Results: information-theoretic 2-round MPC for NC1

- (i) in plain model, w/ honest majority
- (ii) in OLE correlation model, w/ honest minority extension to P/poly with black-box use of PRG new support arithmetic NC1 with black-box field access new adaptive security with explicit simulator* more efficient

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Technique:

a new direct construction of degree-2 MPRE with no round collapsing

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Thank you! "So simple that can be taught in class."